
C*-Algebras

Winter semester 2016/17

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Sheet 11

Let (b, c) be a graph over X and \mathcal{L} the Laplacian

$$\mathcal{L}\varphi(x) = \sum_{y \in X} b(x, y)(\varphi(x) - \varphi(y)) + c(x)\varphi(x).$$

Furthermore, let

$$\text{deg} : X \rightarrow [0, \infty), \quad x \mapsto \sum_{y \in X} b(x, y) + c(x).$$

and

$$\ell^2(X) = \sum_{x \in X} \{\varphi : X \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \mid \|\varphi\|_2 : (\sum_{x \in X} |\varphi(x)|^2 < \infty)^{1/2}\}$$

be the Hilbert space with scalar product $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$.

- (1) Show that the restriction L of \mathcal{L} to $\ell^2(X)$ is a bounded selfadjoint operator if deg is a bounded function.

To this end show that

$$\mathcal{L}C_c(X) \subseteq \ell^2(X, m)$$

and that the restriction of \mathcal{L} to $C_c(X)$ is densely defined on $\ell^2(X)$, and bounded on $\ell^2(X)$ if and only if deg is a bounded function.

Hint: For the boundedness, show first that

$$\|\mathcal{L}\varphi\| = \sup_{\|g\|_2=1} \langle \mathcal{L}\varphi, g \rangle$$

From now on let $X = \mathbb{N}$ and $b(x, y) = 1$ if $|x - y| = 1$ and $b(x, y) = 0$ otherwise and let L be the restriction of \mathcal{L} to $\ell^2(X)$.

- (2) Show that 1_x is a cyclic vector for L in $\ell^2(X)$.

- (3) Compute the spectrum of L .

Hint: Try to mimick the Fourier transform of \mathbb{R} .

- (4) Compute the spectrum of $S : \ell^2(\mathbb{Z}) \rightarrow \ell^2(\mathbb{Z})$ be given by

$$S\varphi(n) = \varphi(n - 1), \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}.$$